



Journal of Food Quality and Hazards Control

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INSTRUCTIONS TO AUTHORS

Aims and scopes

Journal of Food Quality and Hazards Control (J. Food Qual. Hazards Control) is an international peer-reviewed quarterly journal that aims at publishing of high quality articles involved in food quality, food hygiene, food safety, and food control which scientists from all over the world may submit their manuscript. This academic journal aims to improve international exchange of new findings and recent developments in all aspects of agricultural and biological sciences. This free of charge journal is published in both online and print forms and welcomes the manuscripts that fulfill the general criteria of novelty and scientific importance. Among the most significant objectives of *Journal of Food Quality and Hazards Control* are to ensure that the articles reflect a wide range of topics regarding journal scopes; to do a fair, scientific, fast, as well as high quality peer-review process; to provide a wide and diverse geographical coverage of articles around the world; and to publish the articles having a trustable resource of scientific information for the audiences. The types of acceptable submissions include original article, review article, short communication, letter to the editor, case report, editorial, as well as book review. *Journal of Food Quality and Hazards Control* is an official journal of Research Center for Food Hygiene and Safety, School of Public Health, Shahid Sadoughi University of Medical Sciences, Yazd, Iran. This is an open access journal under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>) that allows readers to read, download, copy, distribute, print, search, or link to the full texts of its articles and allow readers to use them for any other lawful purpose. The scopes are as below:

- Food quality assurance and improvement
- Food preservation
- Food additives
- Food spoilage
- Food control
- Food safety
- Food toxicology
- Food bacteriology
- Food parasitology
- Food virology
- Food mycology
- Food chemistry and biochemistry
- Food biotechnology
- Novel methods for detection of food hazards
- Molecular identification of pathogens in food
- Nutrigenomics
- Drinking water safety

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This journal defines an author as a person who has made a substantive contributions to design of the work, or to analyze or interpret of data; and to draft or revise it; and to verify the approval of the version to be published and to agree for all aspects of the work in ensuring that questions related to the accuracy or integrity of any part of the work are appropriately investigated and resolved. Those who do not meet at least one of the above criteria should be acknowledged. Any host, guest, honorary or anonymous authors must be strictly avoided. In this journal, there is no limitation in authorship numbers.

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- Revisions of the work
- Submitting a brief description of all contributions to the manuscript in the title page
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Types of acceptable articles

A manuscript can be classified under one of the following categories:

- Original article
- Review article
- Short communication
- Letter to the editor
- Case report
- Editorial
- Book review

Preparation of manuscript

Original article

It should not exceed 7000 words, excluding references, and they should have the following format:

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Abstract: Abstract should be structured providing background, methods, results and, conclusion altogether should be in the range of 150-300 words. Abbreviations should not be used for repeating up to twice.

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Conclusion: In this section, overall conclusion of the author(s) from the research, the limitation of the work and the implications of the finding for future research should be noted.

Author contributions: In this section, each author's contribution must be exactly declared using initials to indicate each author's identity (for example, "J.C. and T.P. designed the study; J.C., D.N, and R.K. conducted the experimental work; B.A. analyzed the data; H.L. and B.A. wrote the manuscript, etc."). Based on the recommendations by the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors/ICMJE (<http://www.icmje.org>) about the conduct, reporting, editing and publication of scholarly work in medical journals, all authors should have made significant conceptual, intellectual, experimental, and analytical contributions to the research, as well as having participated in writing and revising the manuscript (please see "Authorship criteria and contributions" section in the current instruction).

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 2. Two authors: both authors' names and the year of publication (e.g., Jay and Reid, 2007)
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- Journal: Marin S., Ramos A.J., Cano-Sancho G., Sanchis V. (2013). Mycotoxins: occurrence, toxicology, and exposure assessment. *Food and Chemical Toxicology*. 60: 218-237. [DOI: 10.1016/j.fct.2013.07.047]

- Book: Jay J.M., Loessner M.J., Golden D.A. (2005). Modern food microbiology. 7th edition. Springer Science, New York. pp: 42-67.

- Chapter in an edited book: Farouk M.M., Bekhit A.E. (2013). Processed camel meats. In: Kadim I.T., Mahgoub O., Faye B., Farouk M.M. (Editors). Camel meat and meat products. CAB International, London. pp: 186-191.

- Web: Institute of Standards and Industrial Research of Iran (ISIRI). (2007). Raw frozen hamburger. National Standard No. 2304. URL: <http://www.isiri.org/portal/files/std/2304.pdf>. Accessed 20 August 2013.

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Tables: Tables capture information concisely and they should be titled and numbered consecutively in accordance with their appearance in the text. Title of each table should be self-explanatory. Footnotes should be placed below the table body. Tables should be sparing in the use and the data presented in tables should not be described elsewhere in the manuscript. Tables should be submitted as editable text (not image). Vertical rules are not allowed. Each column of the table must have a heading preferably as abbreviated heading that must be explained in footnotes. All the nonstandard abbreviation in footnotes should be assigned with symbols. References which mentioned in tables should be included in the main references list.

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These articles are like those of original ones except that these are shorter and prepared in minimum 1500 and maximum 3000 words. The results and discussion sections should preferably be merged.

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Editorial

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Letter to the editor

It should be about criticism of previous articles in this journal or the others and analysis of a related scientific topic with journal scope. These manuscripts need no structure and have not abstract.

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In this type of manuscript, a new published internationally and valuable book regarding to the scopes of the journal, is introduced in maximum 1000 words. These manuscripts need no structure and have not abstract.

Reporting guidelines

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